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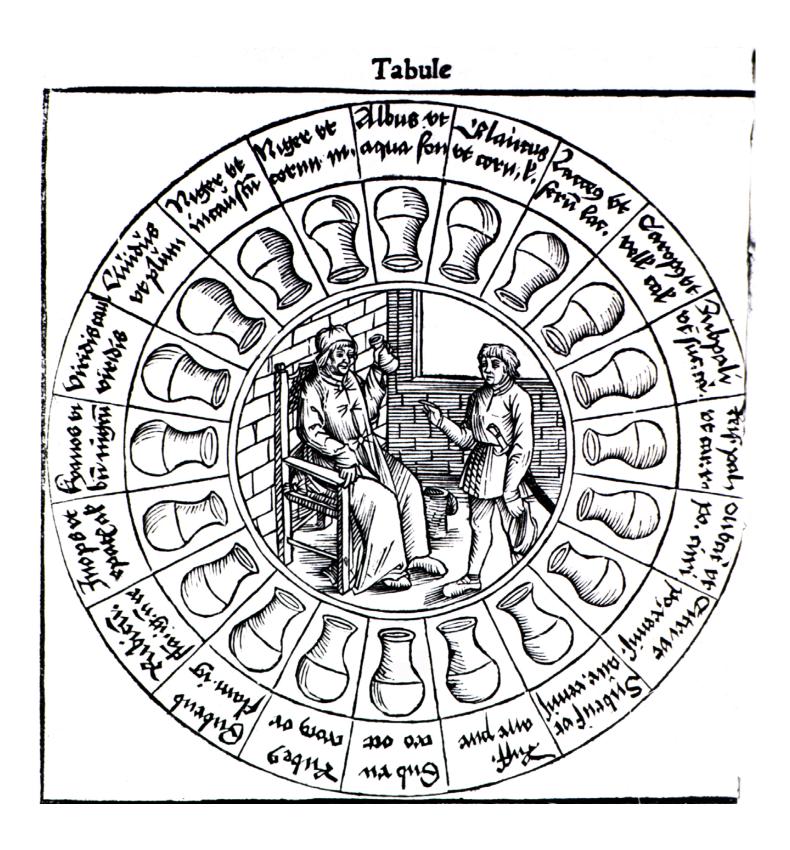
#ColorOurCollections



Interior of apothecary shop, 1537 NLM Image ID: <u>A030275</u>

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Derte nibil melius, vita nil peius iniqua Eu fenile iugum domino volente relazas Eu fenile iugum domino volente relazas Enitumos leuas, z carceris bostia frangis Eripis indignis, iusti bona pubus equans Atop immota manes, nulla erozabilis arte A primo prefiza die, tu cuncta quieto Ferre iubes animo, promisso fine laborum Te sine supplicium, vita est carcer perennis

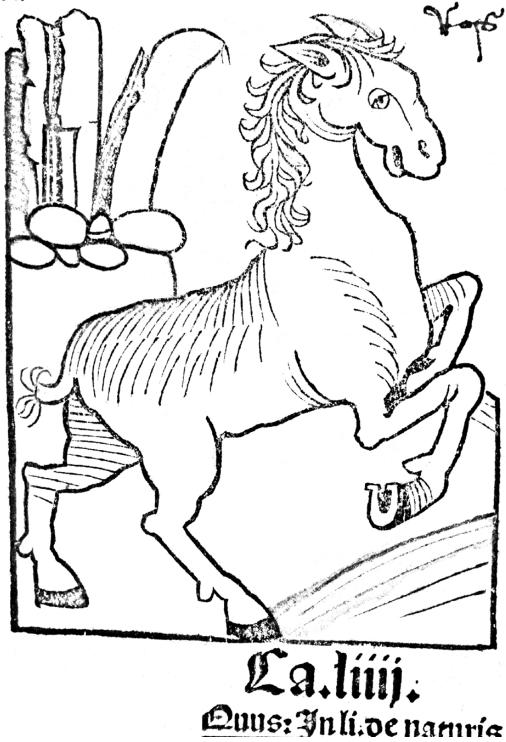
> Dance of Death, 1493 NLM Image ID: A013198



Va. Health Bulletin.

Careful inspection at school prevents epidemics of diphtheria, measles, etc.

Careful inspection at school prevents epidemics of diphtheria, measles, etc., 1913 NLM Image ID: <u>A013542</u> ei aliud iunamentä videlicet eiectoeziter conis in smotä, vt ab ipo venatorem deti neat.ne ad eam prope accedat. Ildoc idez vult Albertus in li. de naturis asalium.



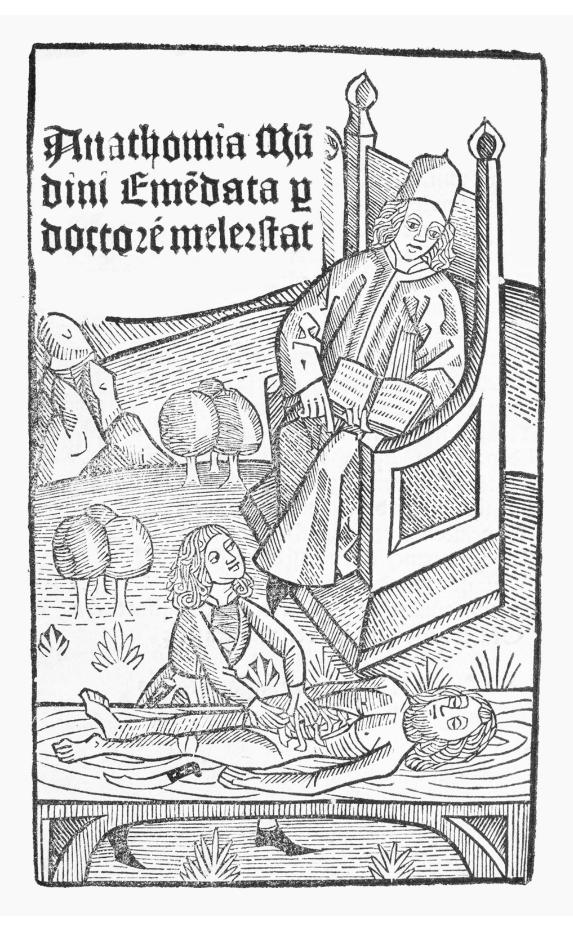


HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Purifies the blood, creates an appetite, makes the weak strong, and builds up the system.

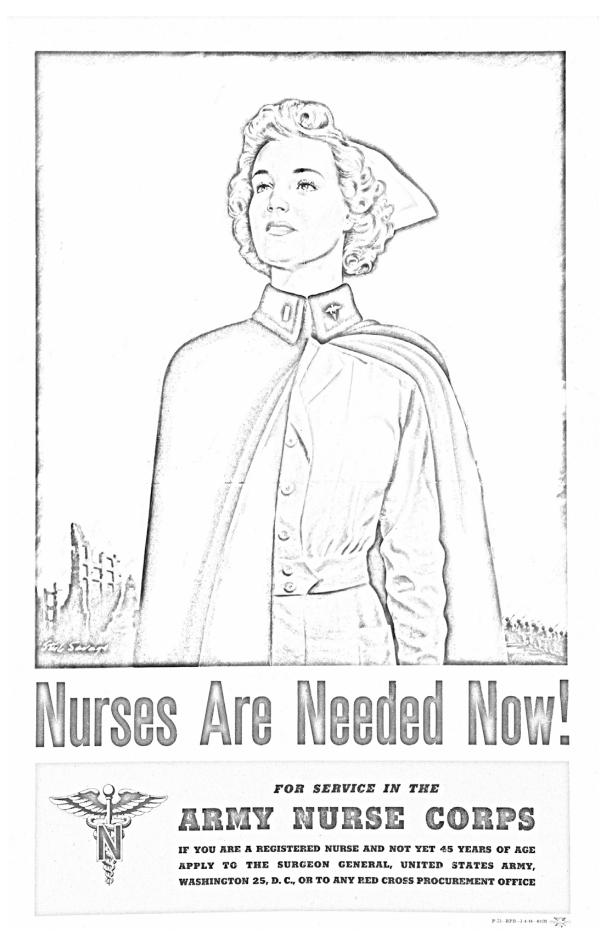
Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., APOTHECARIES, LOWELL, MASS. (OVER.)

> Hood's Sarsaparilla, 19th century NLM Image ID: <u>A028820</u>

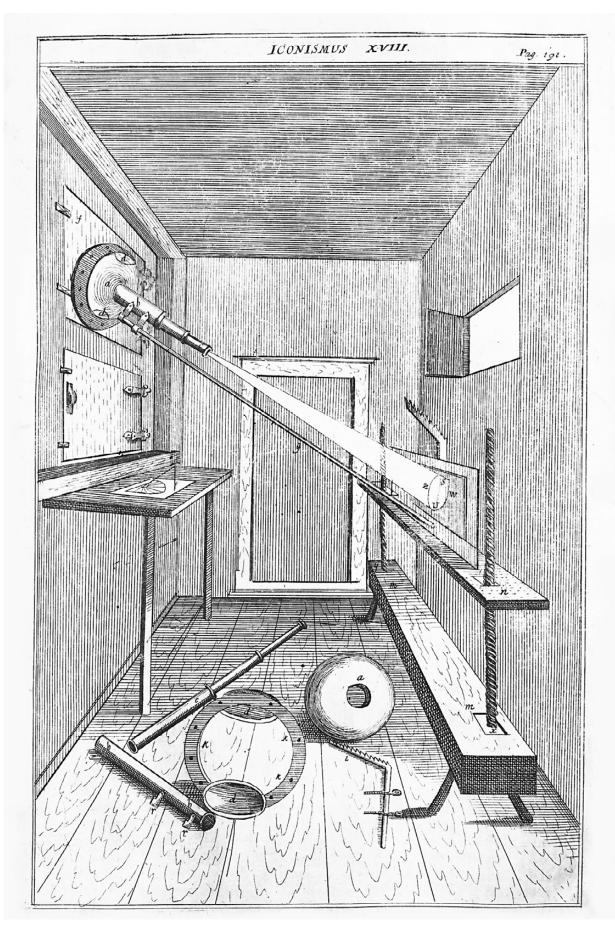


Lesson in anatomy, 1493 NLM Image ID: <u>A016267</u>





Nurses are needed now!, 1944 NLM Image ID: <u>A032730</u>

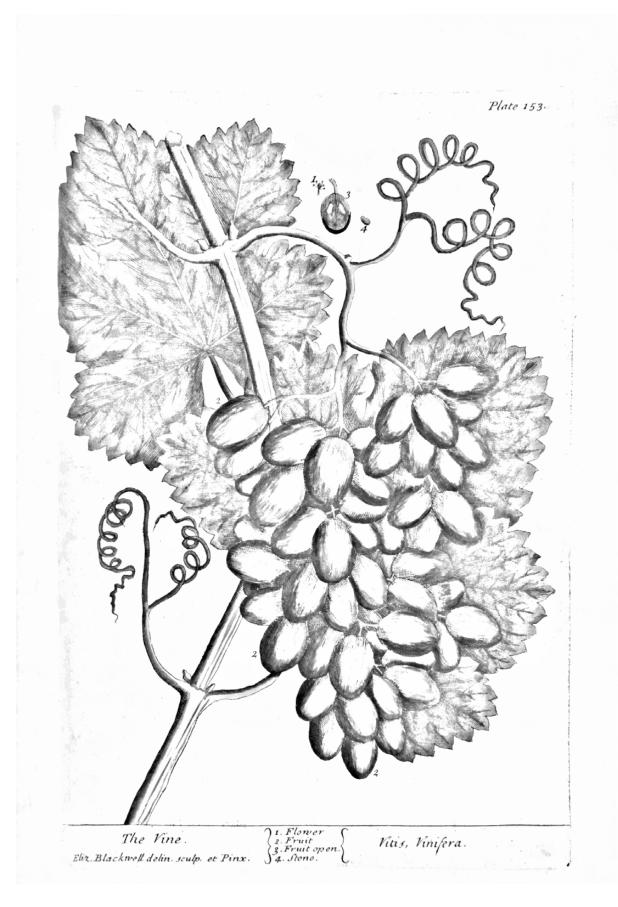


Projection of light through a telescopic lense, 1685 NLM Image ID: <u>A030190</u>



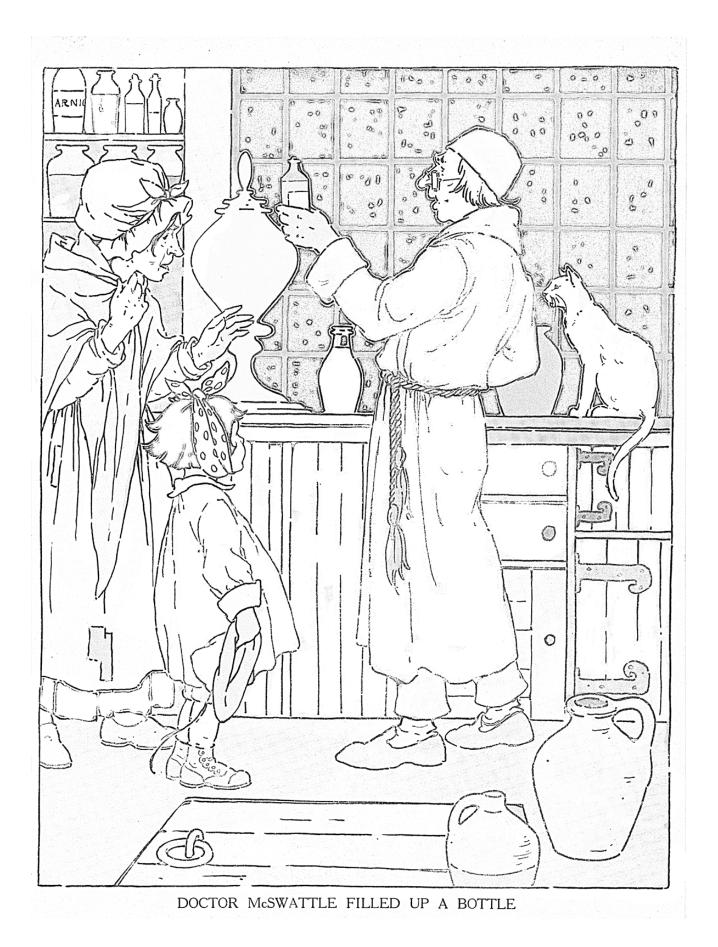
The summer blood donor is a rare bird-- be distinguished, 1981

NLM Image ID: A026286









Doctor McSwattle filled up a bottle, ca. 1918 NLM Image ID: <u>C05607</u>

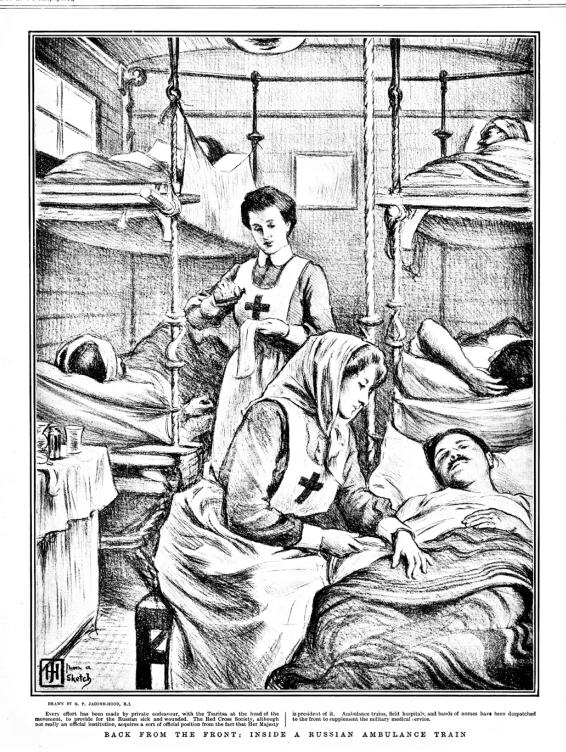


AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

NO. 1,813.—VOL. LXX. Registered as a Newspaper.]

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1904

WITH EXTRA SUPPLEMENT "The War in the Far East" PRICE SIXPENCE By Post, 61/2 d.



Back from the front, 1904 NLM Image ID: C05589

Image List

Cover:

Interior of apothecary shop, 1537

Woodcut of an apothecary shop from *Thesaurus Pauperum*, written by Hieronymus Brunschwig, a surgeon, alchemist, and botanist.

Page 1:

A chart used for urine analysis, 1506

Woodcut of a urine wheel used for diagnosing diseases from *Epiphanie Medicorum*, written by physician Ulrich Pinder. The inner circle shows a physician sitting in a chair holding up a urine flask to make a diagnosis.

Page 2:

Dance of Death, 1493

Woodcut from *Liber Chronicarum* (also known as *Nuremberg Chronicle*), written by physician Hartmann Schedel and illustrated by painter Michael Wolgemut. The translated title reads, "The Seventh Age of the World: The Image of Death." The translated verse reads,

Nothing is better than Death, nor anything worse than an unfair Life,

O great Death, you are men's eternal rest from labor,

You relax the yoke for the aged, God willing,

And remove the heavy fetters from the necks of the vanquished,

You lift exile and break open the doors of prison,

You rescue from indignities, assigning good things to the just by lots,

And you remain unmoved, implacable by any technique,

On that day preset from the beginning, all these things you command

the peaceful soul to bear, the end of its labors having been promised,

Without you the life of the suffering is a perennial prison.

Page 3:

Careful inspection at school prevents epidemics of diphtheria, measles, etc., 1913

Illustration from A Handbook of the People's Health; A Textbook of Sanitation and Hygiene for the Use of Schools, written by Walter Moore Coleman and illustrated by Retta Carroll and Alfred Seiler.

Page 4:

Equus, 1491

Woodcut of a horse from *Ortus Sanitatis*, a natural history encyclopedia, published by Jacob Meydenbach.

Page 5:

Hood's Sarsaparilla, 19th century

Advertising card for a patent medicine called Hood's Sarsaparilla, a blood purifier created by Charles Ira Hood, founder of C.I. Hood & Co. in Lowell, Massachusetts. "Patent medicines" were non-prescription drugs that gained popularity in the United States in the late 19th century, and were, in fact, rarely patented. These "medicines" contained unregulated ingredients, usually vege-table and herbal extracts with doses of alcohol, opium, or cocaine, which inevitably led to cases of addiction and death.

Page 6:

Lesson in anatomy, 1493

Woodcut of a man instructing a student dissecting a cadaver from *Anatomia Corporis Humani*, written by anatomist and physician Mondino dei Luzzi.

Page 7:

Phrenology, 1835

Lithograph of the profile of Franz Joseph Gall, founder of phrenology, showing phrenological sections of the human head. Phrenology, now discredited, is the study of skull structure to determine personality traits and mental capacity. Gall identified 27 individual faculties of the head including kindness, sense of satire, murder tendencies, and memory of people.

Page 8:

Nurses are needed now!, 1944

Poster designed by Steele Savage and published by the United States Army Recruiting Publicity Bureau as part of a campaign to recruit nurses during World War II.

Page 9:

Projection of light through a telescopic lense, 1685

Engraving of Johann Zahn's creation of a mechanical eye, the scioptric ball (a ball of wood with a hole made through the center in which a lens or pair of lenses is placed) designed to project the image of the sun in a camera obscura, from *Oculus Artificialis Teledioptricus Sive Telescopium*.

Page 11:

The vine = Vitis, vinfera, 1737

Elizabeth Blackwell's engraving of *vitus vinifera* (grape vine) from *A Curious Herbal*. This herbal, a book of plants describing their appearance, properties, and medicinal uses, contains 500 hand-col-ored engraved plates.

Page 12:

De ulula, 1555

Woodcut of an owl from *Historia Animalium*, by physician and naturalist Conrad Gesner. *Historia Animalium* is a 5-volume, natural history compendium on animals and is considered to be the first modern zoological work.

Page 13:

Doctor McSwattle filled up a bottle, ca. 1918

Illustration by Blanch Fisher Wright, from *The Peter Patter Book*: *Rimes for Children*, written by Leroy F. Jackson. The full rhyme reads,

Doctor McSwattle Filled up a bottle With vinegar, varnish and rum. And offered a swallow To all who would follow The call of his trumpet and drum. It's good, I am told, For a cough and a cold, It's good for a pain in your thumb.

Page 14:

Back from the front, 1904

Illustration of the inside of a Russian ambulance train (during the Russo-Japanese War) drawn by George Percy Jacomb-Hood. The image appeared on the cover of the August 27, 1904 issue of "The Graphic," a British weekly illustrated newspaper.

Page 18:

Main entrance to the National Library of Medicine, ca. 1965

Photograph of the exterior of the National Library of Medicine taken by Edward A. Hubbard.

About Images from the History of Medicine

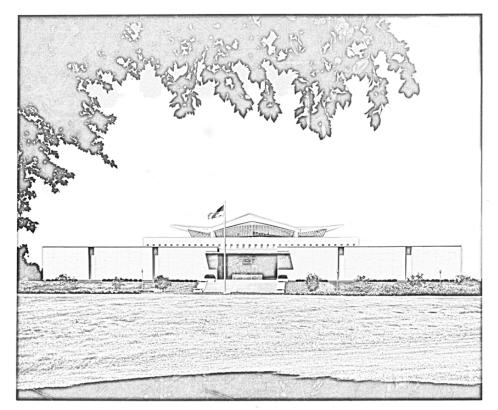
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Images from the History of Medicine website: <u>https://www.nlm.nih.gov/hmd/ihm/index.html</u>



Main entrance to the National Library of Medicine, ca. 1965 NLM Image ID: <u>A033452</u>

About the History of Medicine Division at the National Library of Medicine

The <u>National Library of Medicine's History of Medicine Division</u> collects, preserves, makes available, and interprets for diverse audiences one of the world's richest collections of historical material related to human health and disease.

Our collections include:

- A rapidly-growing digital collection of books, audiovisuals, still images, manuscripts, and oral histories.
- Manuscripts dating as far back as the 11th century.
- Over 600,000 printed works, including 580 incunabula (Western books printed before 1501), some 57,000 16th-18th century books, and over 400,000 titles published between 1801 and 1913.
- Modern manuscripts, including the personal papers of such figures as Joshua Lederberg, Marshall Nirenberg, Luther Terry, and C. Everett Koop.
- Organizational archives from such groups as the Medical Library Association and the American College of Nurse-Midwives.
- Over 10,000 historical audiovisuals.
- Over 150,000 historical prints and photographs.

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